

GENERAL SECRETARIAT.

No. P. 6584—Legis 46-35, dated 2nd—4th April 1936.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 13 of the Mysore Road Traffic and Taxes Regulation VI of 1935, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to exempt the motor lorry belonging to the Imperial Institute of Animal Husbandry and Dairying, Bangalore, from the payment of Road Tax.

No. E. 2694—Edn. 327-35-2, dated 6th April 1936.

The certificate of War Service to be furnished under Clause 14 of the application form for Military Scholarship, published with Notification No. E. 1746—Edn. 86-31-5, dated 7th November 1931, should, hereafter be by the Officer Commanding or Second in Command instead of by a Jamedar.

By Order,

M. VENKATESA IYENGAR,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

No. G. 7929—G. M. 6-35-64, dated 25th March—1st April 1936.

The undermentioned letter No. F. 238-G.—35, dated 7th February 1936, from the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department is published for general information:—

No. F. 238-G.—35.

From

The Under Secretary to the Government of India
in the Foreign and Political Department.

Dated, New Delhi, the 7th February 1936.

Fee to be charged in India for British Visas granted to Chinese nationals.

Sir,

I am directed to refer to the letter—endorsement from the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department No. F. 238-G.—35, dated the 29th July 1935, and to state that, in view of the depreciation in the value of the Chinese dollar in Indian currency, it has been decided to reduce the fee charged in India for ordinary or transit visas granted on Chinese passports from Rs. 16 to Rs. 9. These orders should take effect from the date of receipt of this letter.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

(Sd.)

For Under Secretary to the Government of India.

No. G. 7887—G. M. 6-35-68, dated 26th March 1936.

The undermentioned Corrigendum No. 12 to the "Rules governing the issue of Passports and Visas" is published for general information:—

For the existing rule 34-B, substitute the following:—

"34-B.—If it should come to the knowledge of a passport issuing officer that a British Indian passport has been lost or stolen the fact of such loss or theft should be intimated to the office of issue only. The loss of a British passport granted outside India should be reported to the Government of India only."

No. 7878—Ft. 203-35-3, dated 30th March 1936.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare under Section 17 of the Mysore Forest Regulation XI of 1900, that from the 1st May 1936 the area, the boundaries of which are set forth in the Schedule appended to this notification, shall be deemed to be a "State Forest" subject to the exercise of rights specified at foot thereof.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Name of Village	Area	Name of Block	Situation
Kolar	Bagepalli	Chelur	Chakavel and Kondavaripalli	A. 1,041 G. 14 or 1,636 sq. miles.	Chakavel Block	This block is situated at a distance of about 22 miles east to Bagepalli Town or a mile and a half east to the Chakavel village just on the Mysore-Madras Frontier.

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from the north-east corner of Survey No. 71 of Kondavaripalli village the line runs east along the southern bank of the Vandaman River to the common junction bond of Kondavaripalli of the Kolar District and Jodi Inam Kotappalli village of Cuddapah District.

East.—Then the line turns south-east and runs along the Mysore-Madras Frontier to the junction bandhis of Jodi Inam Kotapalli and Kundilapadaga villages of Cuddapah District.

South.—The line then turns south-west and running along Mysore-Madras Frontier joins a point 9 chains north-east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 235 of Chakavel village.

West.—Then the line turns north and running for a distance of 61 chains through Survey No. 216 of Chakavel village meets a point 5 chains slightly north-east from the easternmost corner of Survey No. 215 of the said village; then turns north-west and running for 98 chains through Survey No. 62 and touching a point 5 chains east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 66 meets a point on the southern boundary of Kondavaripalli village about $7\frac{1}{2}$ chains north-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 61 of Chakavel village then turns north-west and running for 23 chains through Survey No. 92 of Kondavaripalli village joins a point 5 chains north-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 93 of the same village; then turns north-west and running for 30 chains through the said survey No. 92 meets a point 5 chains north from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 96 of the said village; then runs north-east and joins the south-east corner of Survey No. 71 of the said village; then runs along its eastern boundary till it meets the starting point.

The undermentioned rights of way are admitted within the block throughout the year:—

(1) Cart-track from Chakavel to Tanakal 21' wide and about $7\frac{1}{2}$ furlongs long for men, cattle and carts. It enters the block about 9 chains north from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 96 of Kondavaripalli village and runs north-east for $7\frac{1}{2}$ furlongs through Survey No. 92 of the said village and quits the forest about 3 chains south from the north-east corner of the Block.

(2) Foot-path 12' wide and 9 chains long for men and cattle to go to Subbarayanakunte in Survey No. 92 of Kondavaripalli village for water. It enters the forest about 11 chains north-east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 93 of the said village and runs north-east to the said kunte.

(3) Foot-path 12' wide and about $4\frac{1}{2}$ furlongs long for men and cattle to go to the two springs called Kallemayakala Vandlakunte and Kamatanakunte in Survey No. 62 of Chakavel village for water. It enters the forest about 17 chains east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 60 and runs through Survey No. 62 and goes to the two springs.

(4) Cart-track from Chakavel to Kotapalli 21' wide and about 5 furlongs long for men, cattle and carts. It enters the forest about 13 chains north-east through Survey No. 216 of the said village and quits the forest about 5 chains from the south-east corner of Survey No. 219 of Chakavel and runs south-west from the south-west corner of Jodi Inam Kotapalli village of Cuddapah District.

(5) Foot-path 12' wide and about two chains long for men and cattle to go to Kotitipaiyanakunte in Survey No. 216 of Chakavel village for water. It branches from item No. 4 above and runs north to the south-east corner of the said kunte.

(6) Survey No. 217 of Chakavel village is treated as an enclosure and the right of way to it for men and cattle for cultivation is admitted through item No. 4 above.

(7) Foot-path from Chakavel to Kundilapadaga 10' wide and about 5 chains long for men and cattle. This enters the forest at a point 5 chains east from a point about 1 chain north from the north-east corner of Survey No. 235 and runs due east and quits the forest.

OTHER CONCESSIONS.

(1) The villagers of Kondavaripalli and Chakavel villages are permitted to remove dry fuel and bode-grass throughout the year free from the Block by head loads for their *bona-fide* domestic use.

(2) Grazing of cattle is permitted in the block all the year round as detailed below:—

(a) Kondavaripalli village not more than 300 cattle in all (goats excluded) by paying a lump sum fee of Rs. 10 per year.

(b) Kanchavaripalli, Venkatareddipalli and Maddareddipalli, not more than 300 cattle in all (goats excluded) by paying a lump sum fee of Rs. 10 per year.

No. G. 7883—Ft. 204-35-3, dated 30th March 1936.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under Section 17 of the Mysore Forest Regulation, XI of 1900, that from the 1st May 1936 the area, the boundaries of which are set forth in the Schedule appended to this notification, shall be deemed to be a "State Forest" subject to the exercise of rights specified at foot thereof.

SCHEDULE.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Approximate area			Name of Block	Situation
Kolar	Bagopalli	Pathapalya	Mallepalli Diguvagollapalli	Survey Nos.	A.	G.	Vandaman Block	The Block is situated at a distance of 20 miles from Bagopalli Town.
				G. 40	91	27		
				K. 26	44	3		
				K. 27	60	7		
				K. 61	48	34		
				K. 62	116	4		
				G. 28	23	17		
				G. 60	50	30		
				G. 63	41	23		
				G. 64	14	23		
			Mukkaravarapalli	A.W. 19	25	31		
				A.W. 20	10	31		
				G. 17	18	0		
				G. 18	9	21		
				Total	556	16		

BOUNDARIES.

North.—Starting from a point 8 chains south-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 39 of Mallepalli Village, the line runs north-east through Survey No. 40 for 32 chains and meets a point 3 chains south-east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 28 and turns north-west and running from about 18 chains meets a point on the southern boundary of Survey No. 27 of the said village 5 chains north-east from the south-west corner of the same survey number. Then the line runs east for 28 chains to a point 8 chains south from the south-west corner of Survey No. 83 of Diguvagollapalli and turns north east and running for a distance of 13 chains meets a point 5 chains south-east from the south-east corner of the same Survey No. 83 and runs south-east for a distance of 10 chains to a point about 7 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 79 of the said village.

East.—The line then runs south-west through Survey Nos. 64 and 63 of Diguvagollapalli village for a distance of 33 chains to a point about 6 chains north-west from the western-most corner of Survey No. 59; then it runs south-east and meets the south-west corner of the same survey number; then runs south-east for a distance of 40 chains along the western boundaries of Survey Nos. 59 and 29 and stops at a point about 5 chains from the south-west corner of the latter survey number.

South.—The line then runs south-west for a distance of 15 chains to a point about 6 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 25 of Diguvagollapalli; then turns south for a distance of 9 chains to a point on the northern boundary of Survey No. 20 of Aragevargutta village about 4 chains south-west from the westernmost corner of Survey No. 25 of Diguvagollapalli village; then it runs south-west for a distance of 56 chains along the northern boundary of Survey No. 20 of Aragevargutta to the trijunction bands of Mukkaravarapalli, Diguvagollapalli and Aragevargutta..

West.—The line then runs north-west for a distance of 24 chains along the eastern boundaries of Survey Nos. 31 and 22 of Mukkaravarapalli to the north-east corner of the last named survey number; then runs north through Survey No. 20 for about 12 chains to a point on the northern boundary of the same survey number about 5 chains east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 21 of the said village; then runs slightly north-west through Survey No. 17 for about 20 chains to a point 5 chains east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 41 of Mallepalli village; then runs north through Survey No. 40 for about 13 chains to the north-east corner of the said Survey No. 41; then runs north-west through Survey No. 40 to a point 5 chains from the last named point; then runs north for a distance of 10 chains through Survey No. 40 and meets the starting point.

The undermentioned rights of way are admitted within the State Forest throughout the year:—

(1) Foot-path 12' wide and 2 chains long for men and cattle of Mallepalli village to go to Gothippaiyanakunte. It enters the State Forest at a point about 4 chains south from the south-west corner of Survey No. 29 of Mallepalli village.

(2) Foot-path 12' wide and about 5½ furlongs long for men and cattle of Diguvagollapalli village to go to Gothippaiyanakunte. It enters the State Forest in Survey No. 59 and passes through Survey Nos. 63 and 62 of the said village and Survey No. 40 of Mallepalli village and then the kunte is approached by foot-path, item (1).

(3) Foot-path (which may be converted into a cart-track) 12' wide and about 1½ miles long from Billur to Aragevargutta for men, cattle and carts. It enters the State Forest 5 chains south from the south-west corner of Survey No. 83 of Diguvagollapalli village and passes in south-easterly direction through Survey Nos. 62 and 63 and in south-westerly direction through Survey Nos. 60, 27 and 26 of the said village and quits the forest at a point about 12 chains north-east from the junction bands of Mukkaravarapalli and Diguvagollapalli villages.

Other concessions:—

(1) The villagers of Mallepalli, Diguvagollapalli and Mukkaravarapalli villages are allowed to remove by head-loads throughout the year dry fuel and Bode-grass free from the State Forest for their *bona-fide* domestic use.

No. G. 7937—G. M. 6-35-67, dated 26th March—1st April 1936.

The undermentioned letter No. F. 36-22—35-G., dated 31st December 1935, from the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands, together with its enclosures, is published for general information:—

Letter from the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands, No. F. 36-22—35-G., dated the 31st December 1935.

SUBJECT.—Anti-cholera inoculation and small-pox vaccination—Standard forms of certificates.

I am directed to say that after considering the comments made by the Local Governments and Administrations on the draft forms of anti-cholera and vaccination certificates, which formed enclosures to this Department letter No. F. 36-28—34-G., dated the 28th February 1935, the Government of India have decided to adopt the two enclosed forms as standard forms of (i) certificate of anti-cholera inoculation for issue to pilgrims proceeding to the Hejaz, and (ii) certificate of vaccination against small-pox for issue to all passengers embarking at Indian ports for ports beyond India including pilgrims proceeding to the Hejaz.

2. I am to request that necessary steps may kindly be taken early (i) to issue instructions to all concerned to use only these standard forms in future, and (ii) to give as wide a publicity as possible to the introduction of the standard forms.

(Certificate of Anti-cholera Inoculation.)

Certified that I (name in block letters).....have inoculated (name).....with fresh anti-cholera vaccine obtained from (name and address of supplier).....as follows:—

(a) 1 c. c. vaccine in a single dose on (date).....

(b) $\frac{1}{2}$ c. c. vaccine on (date).....

* 1 c. c. vaccine on (date).....

*The second dose should be given one week after the first dose.

Note.—The officer giving the inoculation should strike out either (a) or (b) as the case may be.

Date of certificate.....

Place of issue.....

Signed.....

Qualifications and status.....

Countersigned.....

Designation.....

Date.....

(If not signed by an authorised officer, see note below.)

Note.—A certificate issued by a Registered Medical Practitioner, other than a (i) Civil Surgeon, (ii) District or Municipal Medical Officer of Health, (iii) Director or Assistant Director of Health, (iv) Port Health Officer, (v) Chief Medical Officer of a Railway, and (vi) any other officer, who may be authorised in this behalf by the Government of India, must be countersigned by one of the officers mentioned above, the countersignature being obtained free of charge by the registered medical practitioner concerned.

(Certificate of Vaccination against Small-pox.)

Certified that I (name in block letters).....have on (day).....of (month).....(year).....vaccinated—re-vaccinated (name).....with fresh vaccine lymph, obtained from (name and address of supplier).....† [and that the results were

*successful

modified

failures.

*Irrelevant words to be crossed out by the officer performing the vaccination operation.

† The clause within [] should be struck out where the results of vaccination cannot be observed.

Date of certificate.....

Place of issue.....

Signed.....

Qualifications and status.....

Countersigned.....

(If not signed by an authorised officer, see note below.)

Designation.....

Date.....

Note.—A certificate issued by a Registered Medical Practitioner, other than a (i) Civil Surgeon, (ii) District or Municipal Medical Officer of Health, (iii) Director or Assistant Director of Health, (iv) Port Health Officer, (v) Chief Medical Officer of a Railway and (vi) any other officer, who may be authorised in this behalf by the Government of India must be countersigned by one of the officers mentioned above, the countersignature being obtained free of charge by the registered medical practitioner concerned.

No. G. 7961—Pt. 208-35-2, dated 1st April 1936.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 4 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900), that it is proposed to constitute the area, the boundaries of which are described in the schedule below, a State Forest, under the provisions of the said Regulation.

2. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are further pleased, under clause (c) of the said section to appoint the Revenue Sub-Division Officer, Gubbi Sub-Division, to be the Forest Settlement Officer, who shall inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of any person in or over land comprised within such limits, or to any forest produce of such land, and to deal with the same as provided in Chapter II of the said Regulation, and the District Forest Officer of the Tumkur District, for the time being, to attend on behalf of Government to assist the Forest Settlement Officer in the inquiry.

3. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, are further pleased, under the authority vested in them by Section 15 of the said Regulation, to appoint the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, for the time being, to be the Officer of the Revenue Department who shall hear appeals from the orders of the Forest Settlement Officer under Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, or 14 of the Regulation.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Area	Name of block	Situation
Tumkur	Kunigal	Haliyurdurga.	Lakshmipura	A. 800 0	Ullalebetta Block.	This block is situated at a distance of about two miles, north-west of Haliyurdurga.
			Kitchavadi	95 0		
			Haliyur	200 0		
			Sonnayakanahalli.	154 0		
			Sugganahalli	22 0		
			Sanabaghatta	828 0		
		Amrutur	Kote-Honnama-channahalli	68 0		
			Total	1,167 0 or 1.92 Sq. miles.		

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from the tri-junction bandh of Kote-Honnamachanahalli, Budhavanahalli and Lakshmipura villages, the line runs north-east along the southern boundary of Budhavanahalli for about 28 chains.

East.—Then south-west through Survey No. 5 of Lakshmipura for about 31 chains to the westernmost corner of Survey No. 20 of the same village; then south-west through Survey No. 5 for about 13 chains to a point about five chains slightly north-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 20; then south-east through the same Survey No. 5 for about 28 chains to a point about three chains south from the westernmost corner of Survey No. 14; then south-east through Survey No. 5 for about 32 chains to a point about five chains south from the south-east corner of Survey No. 11 of Lakshmipura; then east for about 17 chains through Survey No. 5 of Lakshmipura to the south-west corner of Survey No. 100 of Kitchavadi; then south-east for about four chains along the common boundary of Lakshmipura and Kitchavadi and then south-east for 45 chains through Survey No. 85 of Kitchavadi to a point about five chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 86 of Kitchavadi; then south-east through Survey No. 85 of Kitchavadi for about eight chains to a point about eight chains south from the south-west corner of Survey No. 86 of Kitchavadi; then west along the common boundary of Kitchavadi and Haliyur for about 10 chains; then south through Survey No. 74 of Haliyur for about 86 chains and meets common boundary of Haliyur and Sonayakanahalli; then south-east along the said common boundary for about 10 chains to a point about 19 chains north-west from the westernmost corner of Survey No. 72 of Haliyur; then south-west through Survey No. 25 of Sonayakanahalli for about 50½ chains in straight line to a point about 17 chains north-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 19 of Sugganahalli.

South.—Then north-west along the common boundary of Sonayakanahalli and Sugganahalli for about five chains; then north-west through Survey No. 18 of Sugganahalli for about 12 chains to a point on the common boundary of Sugganahalli and Pura, about 29 chains slightly north-east from the north-west corner of Survey No. 19 of Sugganahalli.

West.—Then north-east along the common boundary of Sugganahalli and Pura to the south-east gadi bandh of Byadagere Jodi Inam village; then north and north-west along the

eastern boundary of said Jodi-village to its north-east gadi bandh; then slightly south-west along its northern boundary to a point about five chains north-east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 61 of Sanabaghatta; then north-east through Survey No. 57 of Sanabaghatta for about 47 chains to a point about five chains east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 56 of the same village; then north-west through Survey No. 57 for about 36 chains to a point about six chains east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 44 of Sanabaghatta; then east along the common boundary of Sanabaghatta and Kote-Honnachanahalli for about 11 chains; then north-west through Survey No. 61 of Kote-Honnachanahalli for about 15 chains to a point about six chains south-east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 60 of the same village; then north-west through Survey No. 61 for about 47 chains and meets the common boundary of Kote-Honnachanahalli and Lakshmi-pura; then north-west along the said common boundary for about eight chains to the eastern-most corner of Survey No. 57 of Kote-Honnachanahalli; then north-west along the eastern boundary of Kote-Honnachanahalli to the starting point.

No. G. 7951—Pt. 222-35-2, dated 1st April 1936.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 4 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900), that it is proposed to constitute the area, the boundaries of which are described in the schedule below, a State Forest, under the provisions of the said Regulation.

2. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are further pleased, under clause (c) of the said section to appoint the Revenue Sub-Division Officer, Chikballalur Sub-Division to be the Forest Settlement Officer, who shall inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of any person in or over land comprised within such limits, or to any forest produce of such land, and to deal with the same as provided in Chapter II of the said Regulation, and the District Forest Officer of the Kolar District, for the time being, to attend on behalf of Government to assist the Forest Settlement Officer in the inquiry.

3. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, are further pleased, under the authority vested in them by Section 15 of the said Regulation, to appoint the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, for the time being, to be the Officer of the Revenue Department who shall hear appeals from the orders of the Forest Settlement Officer under Sections 10, 11, 12, 13 or 14 of the Regulation.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Villages	Area	Name of Block	Remarks
				A. g.		
Kolar	Bagepalli	Pathapalya	Sugyanampalli	1,408 7	Vandaman extension block.	Situation—This block is situated at a distance of about 11 miles to the east of Bagepalli Town and about 4 miles north-east of Pathapalya and fills up the gap of wooded area between Vandaman and Vasanthapura Blocks.
			Bandakindapalli	176 27		
			Vangyarlapalli	177 15		
			Mallepalli	102 6		
			Mukkavarapalli	419 30		
			Dugginskanapalli	546 32		
			Total	2,830 37		

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from the tri-junction bandh of Vasanthapura, Sugyanampalli and Chinnaganapalli of Madras Presidency, the line runs north-east, east and north-east along the southern and eastern boundary of Chinnaganapalli to the south-west corner of Survey No. 97 of Bandakindapalli; then east along the southern boundary of Survey No. 97 to its south-east corner; then south-west along the western boundary of Survey No. 96 to its south-west corner; then south-east along its southern boundary to the north-west corner of Survey No. 86; then south-west along its western boundary to its south-west corner, then south-east along its southern boundary to its south-east corner; then north-east along its eastern boundary to its north-east corner; then north-east along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 88, 89, 79, and 80 of the same village to the south-east corner of the last named survey number; then south along the western boundary of Survey No. 54 to its south-west corner, then north-east along the southern and eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 54 and 52 of Bandakindapalli to the south-west corner of Survey No. 70 of Vangyarlapalli; then north-east along its southern boundary to its south-east corner; then south-east along the western boundary of Survey No. 66 to its south-west corner; then west and north-east along the southern

boundary of Survey Nos. 66, 68 and 61 to the south-east corner of Survey No. 61; then north-east and north-west along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 61 to its north-east corner; then north-east and east along the southern boundary of Survey No. 60 to its south-east corner; then north-east along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 60, 59 and 58 of Vangyarlapalli to the south-west corner of Survey No. 53 of Mallepalli; then north-east, east and south-east along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 53, 54, 57, 46, 47, 43 to the south-east corner of the last named survey number; then north along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 43 to the southernmost corner of Survey No. 44; then north-east along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 44 and 39 of Mallepalli to the south-east corner of the latter survey number.

East.—Then east, south-west and south-east along the western boundary of Survey Nos. 40 of Mallepalli and 17, 20 and 19 of Mukkavaripalli to the southernmost corner of Survey No. 19 of the latter village; then south along the western boundary of Arigavaragutti Village and meets the halla; then south-west along the halla to the South-east corner of Survey No. 34 of Mukkavaripalli; then north-west along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 34, 28 and 29 to the north-east corner of last named survey number; then south-west along the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 29, 26 and 25 to the north-west corner of the last named survey number; then south-west along the western boundary of Survey No. 25 to its south-west corner; then south-west through Survey No. 56 to a point about 5 chains north from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 53 of Mukkavaripalli; then north-west through Survey No. 56 of Mukkavaripalli to the point about 2 chains north-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 76 of Dugganaikanhalli; then north-west through Survey No. 25 of Dugganaikanhalli to a point about 5 chains north-east from the north-east corner of Survey No. 10; then in the same direction through Survey No. 25 to a point about 5 chains north from the north-east corner of Survey No. 8 of Dugganaikanhalli; then north-west through Survey No. 25 to a point about 5 chains north-west from the north-west corner of Survey No. 6 of the same village; then south-west through Survey No. 25 to a point about 5 chains west from the westernmost corner of Survey No. 8; then south through Survey Nos. 25 and 72 of Dugganaikanhalli to a point about 5 chains west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 70 of Dugganaikanhalli.

South.—Then north-west through Survey No. 72 of Dugganaikanhalli to the north-east corner of Survey No. 13 of Gummallapalli; then north-west through Survey No. 102 of Sugyanampalli to the north-east corner of Survey No. 100; then north west through Survey No. 102 to a point about 8 chains north from the north-west corner of Survey No. 101; then west through Survey No. 102 to the north-east corner of Survey No. 98; then west along its northern boundary to its north-west corner; then south-west through Survey No. 102 to the northernmost corner of Survey No. 328; then south-west through Survey Nos. 102 and 323 of Sugyanampalli to the northernmost corner of Survey No. 326; then west along its northern boundary to its north-west corner; then south along its western boundary to its westernmost corner; then east along its southern boundary for about 7 chains; then south through Survey No. 323 to a point about 8 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 320; then east through Survey No. 319 to the southernmost corner of Survey No. 328; then south-west through Survey No. 319 to the northernmost corner of Survey No. 309; then north-west through Survey No. 319 to a point about 25 chains north from the north-west corner of Survey No. 316.

West.—Then north along the eastern boundary of Agatamadike Village to the tri-junction bandh of Agatamadike, Vasanthapura and Sugyanampalli; then north-west and north along the eastern boundary of Vasanthapura to the starting point.

No. L. 7477—V. P. 16-35-104, dated 1st April 1936.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of 10 acres and 14 guntas of land in Survey No. 62 of Benuigere village in the Sorab Taluk, sanctioned in Notification No. L. 4575—L. B. 44-25-49, dated 21st December 1925, for the extension of the village, as the said portion of land is not required for the purpose.

No. L. 7485—V. P. 11-35-67, dated 1st April 1936.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of one acre of land out of Survey No. 36—1 of Bodagurki village; Bowringpet Taluk, sanctioned in Notification No. L. 6272—V. P. 10-32-94, dated 28th March 1933 as the land is not required for the purpose.

No. G. 7954—Ft. 211-35-2, dated 1st April 1936.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 35 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900), that the land, the limits of which are described in the schedule given below, shall be constituted a minor forest under the name of "Tyagadabagi" minor forest in the Tarikere Taluk for the purposes of the rules for the management of minor forests issued with Government Notification No. G. 12673-82—Ft. 185-24-7, dated the 11th April 1929.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village affected	Details of area comprising the area			Name of the block	Situation
				S. No.	Class of land	Area		
Kadur	Tarikere	Lingadahalli	Tyagadabagi	55	Gomal part	A. 508	Tyagadabagi Minor Forest	This block is situated between Thimmapur State Forest and Tyagadabagi extension State Forest.
				56	"	S. 31		
				57	"	294		
				58	"	168		
				59	"	24		
				60	Kharab part	342		
				61	"	84		
				62	"	287		
					"	30		
					"	158		
					"	17		
					"	25		
					"	8		
					"	60		
				Total	...	1,820	38	

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from the tri-junction of Tyagadabagi State Forest, Jampadahalla and Tyagadabagi extension State Forest, the line runs south-east along the Jampadahalla and then along the southern demarcation line of Tyagadabagi extension State Forest to the tri-junction bands of Kenchenahalli, Gulladamane and Tyagadabagi villages.

East.—Then the line runs south-west along the common boundary between Tyagadabagi and Gulladamane for about 38 gunters chains to Jampadahalla, thence the line continues in the same direction through Survey No. 66 of Tyagadabagi for 12 chains to the north-west corner of Survey No. 48, thereafter the line turns slightly north-west and runs along the northern boundary of Survey No. 53 to its north-west corner, then turning to the south-west the line runs along the western sides of Survey No. 53 and 54, to the western most corner of the latter Survey number, then the line runs south-east along the west side of Survey No. 54 and meets the westernmost corner of Survey No. 29 and continues in the same direction through Survey No. 55 for a distance of 46 chains and meets the south-west corner of Survey No. 26, then turns south-east through Survey No. 55 for a distance of 29 chains and meets the western boundary of Survey No. 23 at a point of 12 chains north-west from the southernmost corner of Survey No. 23 of Tyagadabagi Village.

South.—Then the line runs south-west through Survey No. 55; for a distance of 31 chains and meets the demarcation line of Thimmapura State Forest, then it runs north-west along the demarcation line of Thimmapura State Forest and meets the demarcation line of Tyagadabagi State Forest.

West.—Then it runs north-east north-west and north along the demarcation line of Tyagadabagi State Forest on its eastern side and meets the starting point.

CONCESSIONS.

Right of Pasture.—The Raiyats of Tyagadabagi are entitled to graze their cattle in the Survey numbers comprised in the block, as per following particulars:—

- (i) *Free.*—Survey Nos. 55, 56, 57 and 66.
- (ii) on payment of a lumpsum hulbanni fee:—

The right to graze having hitherto been disposed of under Hulbanni system for nominal sums.

Survey Numbers 58, 59, 60 and 62.

No. G. 7957—Pt. 205-35-2, dated 1st April 1936.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 4 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900), that it is proposed to constitute the area, the boundaries of which are described in the schedule below, a State Forest, under the provisions of the said Regulation.

2. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are further pleased, under clause (c) of the said section to appoint the Revenue Sub-Division Officer, Gubbi Sub-Division, to be the Forest Settlement Officer, who shall inquire into and determine the existance, nature and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over land comprised within such limits, or to any forest produce of such land, and to deal with the same as provided in Chapter II of the said Regulation, and the District Forest Officer of the Tumkur District, for the time being, to attend on behalf of Government to assist the Forest Settlement Officer in the inquiry.

3. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, are further pleased, under the authority vested in them by Section 15 of the said Regulation, to appoint the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, for the time being, to be the Officer of the Revenue Department who shall hear appeals from the orders of the Forest Settlement Officer under Sections 10, 11, 12, 13 or 14, of the Regulation.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Villages	Survey number and class	Area	Name of Block	Situation
Tumkur	Gubbi	Nittur	Handanahalli	Gomal 75	A. g. 300 0	Marsetti-halli block.	This block is situated at a distance of about ten miles north-west of Gubbi Town on both sides of Bangalore-Shimoga High Road.
			Yallapura	Do 88 ...	180 37		
			Kanchigana-halli.	Do 34 ...	36 2		
			Bidarehalla kaval.	Do 29 ...	70 0		
			Marasettihalli	Do 80 ...	180 0		
	Kadaba			Kharab 1	1,093 0		
				part.			
				Assessed waste	26 5		
				161.			
				Kharab 157 ...	60 17		
				Do 158 ...	37 2		
				Do 159 ...	56 13		
		Do 160 ...	37 13				
		Total	1,977 9 or 3.06 square miles.				

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from the trijunction bandh of Shivasamudra, Virupakshipura and Handanahalli villages, the line runs east along the southern boundary of Virupakshipura to a point about 12½ chains west from the north-western corner of Survey No. 77 of Handanahalli.

East.—Then south-east through Survey No. 75 of Handanahalli for about 62 chains in a straight line to a point about 15 chains west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 74 of Handanahalli; then south-west along the western boundary of Survey Nos. 23 and 32 of Yallapura to the north-east corner of Survey No. 35 of the same village; then west along the northern boundary of Survey No. 35 to its north-west corner; then south-west along its western side to its south-west corner; then crossing the Bangalore-Shimoga Road runs east and north-east along the High Road to the north-west corner of Survey No. 37 of Yallapura; then south-west along the western side to its westernmost corner; then south-east along its southern side to its south-east corner; then slightly north-east along the southern side of Survey Nos. 38, 39 and 40 of Yallapura to the trijunction bandh of Yallapura; Thimmanapalya and Bidarehalla kaval; then south-west through Survey No. 1 of Bidarehalla Kaval for about 83 chains to a point about 15 chains west from the north-western corner of Survey No. 39 of Marasettihalli.

South.—Then west along the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 163, 162 and 156 of Marasettihalli to the north-western corner of Survey No. 156 of the same village; then south-east, east, south and south-west along its western side to its south-western corner; then south-west along the northern boundary and Haragaldevigudda kaval State Forest to the south-east corner of Survey No. 22 of Taggihalli village; then north-west along the eastern side of Survey Nos. 22, 21, 9, 8 and 7 of Taggihalli village to the north-east corner of last named Survey number then west along its northern boundary to its north-west corner.

West.—Then north-west along the eastern side of Survey No. 10 of Sigihalli and 96 and 95 of Dodguni to the northernmost corner of Survey No. 95 of Dodguni village; then crossing the Bangalore-Shimoga Road, runs north-west through Survey No. 30 of Kanchiganahalli to the north-east corner of Survey No. 2 of Kanchiganahalli; then north-west and north along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 31 and 32 of Kanchiganahalli to the north-east corner of Survey No. 32 of the same village; then north-west through Survey No. 29 of Kanchiganahalli to a point about 25 chains south-east from the northernmost corner of Survey No. 28 of Kanchiganahalli; then south-east along the southern boundary of Badavanapalya to its south-east gadi bandh; then north-west and north along the eastern boundary of Badavanapalya and Shivasamudra to the starting point.

No. G. 7969—Ft. 225-35-2, dated 2nd April 1936.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 4 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900), that it is proposed to constitute the area, the boundaries of which are described in the schedule below, a State Forest, under the provisions of the said Regulation.

2. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are further pleased, under clause (c) of the said section to appoint the Sub-Division Officer, Gubbi Sub-Division, to be the Forest Settlement Officer, who shall inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over land comprised within such limits, or to any forest produce of such land, and to deal with the same as provided in Chapter II of the said Regulation, and the District Forest Officer of the Tumkur District, for the time being, to attend on behalf of Government to assist the Forest Settlement Officer in the inquiry.

3. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, are further pleased, under the authority vested in them by Section 15 of the said Regulation, to appoint the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, for the time being, to be the Officer of the Revenue Department who shall hear appeals from the orders of the Forest Settlement Officer under Sections 10, 11, 12, 13 or 14 of the Regulation.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Survey No. and class	Area	Name of Block	Remarks
Tumkur	Kunigal	Huliyurdurga	Haskehobli	Kharab 131 part (Amrit Mahal Kaval).	A. g. 400 0	Huliyurdurga Forest Extension.	This block is situated at a distance of about 8 miles north-east of Huliyurdurga and abuts on the western and northern boundary of Huliyurdurga State Forest.

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from a point about 9 chains east from the south-east corner of Survey No. 77 of Haskehobli village, the line runs north-east through Survey No. 131 for about 42 chains to the south-eastern gadi bandh of Hosahalli village; then north-east along the eastern boundary of Hosahalli for about 8 chains; then slightly north-east through Survey No. 131 of Haskehobli in a straight line for about 56 chains and meets the canal—the western boundary of Kayamgutta Muthenahalli village.

East.—Then south-east along the said canal and meets the northern boundary of Huliyurdurga State Forest; then runs along the northern and western boundary of Huliyurdurga State Forest and meets the Huliyurdurga-Magadi Road.

South.—Then along Huliyurdurga-Magadi road for about 28 chains.

West.—Then north-west through Survey No. 131 of Haskehobli for about 50 chains to a point about 5 chains east from the easternmost corner of Survey No. 11; then north-west through Survey No. 131 for about 51 chains to the starting point.

No. G. 7973—Ft. 184-35-2, dated 2nd April 1936.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 31 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900), that the area the boundaries of which are described in the schedule below is constituted a village forest under the provisions of the said Regulation.

2. The management of the forest will vest in the Panchayet constituted in accordance with the rules issued under Notification No. 5804—Ft. 53-13-8, dated the 5th January 1915.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli and Village	Details of area		Schedule
			Survey No. and Class	Area	
Kadur	Chikmagalur	Lakya Hobli, Heregowja Village.	113 Gomal	A. 67 g. 13	The block is situated between 146th and 6—147th mile stones on Chikmagalur-Kadur High Road.

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from the north-west corner of S. No. 113 of Heregowja Village which is about 5 chains west to the north-west corner of Survey No. 114 of the same village, the line run in south-easterly direction following the western boundary of Survey No. 113 for about 16 chains and meets Kadur-Chikmagalur High Road in the south-east corner of the above survey number.

East.—Then the line turns in a south-westerly direction and follows Kadur-Chikmagalur High Road for about 46 chains and meets the south-east corner of Survey No. 112 of Heregowja.

South.—Then the line turns in westerly direction and follows the common boundary between Heregowja and Bommenahalli and meets the trijunction bandh of Heregowja, Bommenahalli and Yemmedoddi Amrit Mahal Kavals.

West.—The line turns north-east and follows the common boundary between Heregowja and Yemmedoddi Kaval for about 70 chains and meets the starting point.

No. G. 7976—Pt. 151-35-2, dated 2nd April 1936.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 31 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900), that the area, the boundaries of which are described in the following Schedule shall be constituted as a Village Forest under the name of Thippapura Village Forest in the Alur Sub-Taluk, Hassan District. The management of this forest will vest in the Village Panchayet of Heddurga of the same hobli, under Section 22 of the Village Panchayet Regulation.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of the Block	Area	Situation
Hassan	Alur Sub-Taluk.	Palya	Thippapura	Thippapura Village Forest	Acres 76	Situated about $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to the north of Hassan-Manjarabad Road.

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from the two bandhs about 4 chains to the north-east of the foot-path from Heddurga to Bellur which crosses the common village boundary of Heddurga and Thippapura, the line runs north-east along the common boundary of Heddurga and Thippapura to meet the trijunction bandhs of Heddurga, Bellur and Thippapura; then south-east along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 57, 56 and 54 of Bellur to the south-east corner of Survey No. 54 of the same village, then north-west along the northern boundary of Survey No. 2 of Thippapura; then north-west and slightly south-east along the northern and western boundaries of Survey No. 1 to its southernmost corner; then along the western boundary of Survey No. 2 to the north-east corner of Survey No. 3, then turns south-west, north-west, south-west and north-west along the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 3 and 4 to the north-west corner of Survey No. 4; then south-west, south-east and again south-west along the western, and southern boundaries of Survey No. 4 and western boundaries of Survey Nos. 6 and 7 to the south-western corner of Survey No. 7 of Thippapura; then slightly south-east and north-east along southern boundary of Survey No. 7 and eastern boundary of the same survey number and of Survey No. 6 to the north-west corner of Survey No. 9 then south-east along the western boundary of the same Survey No. 9 to its south-western corner; then

slightly north-east along the southern and eastern boundaries of Survey No. 9 to the south-west corner of Survey No. 10; then slightly north-east along the southern boundary of Survey No. 10 for about of 20 chains to a point about 10 chains south-west from the south-west corner of Survey No. 11 of the same village.

East.—The line then turns south and runs through Survey No. 8 in a straight line for about 10 chains and meets a point on the common boundary between Thippapura and Kayamgutta Dindagatta about 11 chains south-west from the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 11 of Thippapura.

South.—Then the line runs south-west along the common boundary of Kayamgutta Dindagatta and Thippapura to the junction bandh of the said Kayamgutta Dindagatta and Heddur villages.

West.—Then the line runs north and north-east along the common boundary of Heddurga and Thippapura to meet the starting point.

The following rights of way are admitted :—

- (1) Foot-path from Sadak to Heddurga. It enters the forest at its south-west corner, runs through it in a northerly direction for about 10 chains and leaves the forest in its western boundary.
- (2) Foot-path from Heddurga to Bellur through the above said forest. It enters the forest in its western boundary runs through it in a north easterly direction for about 36 chains and quits the forest in its northern boundary at about 4 chains from the south corner of Survey No. 57 of Bellur Village.
- (3) Foot-path from Sadak to Thippapura, entering at the south-west corner of the forest, runs through it for about 30 chains in a north easterly direction and leaves the forest on its eastern boundary at about 6 chains from the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 11.

By Order,

M. VENKATANARAYANA,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

OFFICE OF THE PUBLICITY OFFICER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE,
BANGALORE.

Notification dated 4th April 1936.

PRESS COMMUNIQUE.

With reference to Clause (iii) of para 13 of the Press Communique No. P. 4101—Legis., dated 26th December 1935 regarding issue of new Registration Certificates, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the revised Registration Certificates will be issued by the Inspector-General of Police in batches after due intimation is given to the public and that pending this the owners of motor vehicles should produce during the quarter beginning with 1st April 1936, the current Registration Certificates before the Licensing Officers for recording payment of tax.

V. VEDAVYASACHARYA,
Publicity Officer
to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS SECRETARIAT

(KRISHNARAJASAGAR WORKS.)

Notification No. 1241-43—K. S. S. 3826-28, dated 1st April 1936.

Under Section 48 (a) of the Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, as amended from time to time, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, are pleased to withdraw from acquisition of one gunta of wet land in Survey No. 491 of Hebbal Village, Krishnarajanagar Taluk, published in Government Notification No. 239-42—K. S. S. 1498-501, dated 7th September 1933, as required for a pick-up weir Hikkal, as the same is not required for the purpose.